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BILL	NO.				-	

## COUNTY COUNCIL

 $\mathbf{OF}$ 

## HARFORD COUNTY, MARYLAND

BILL NO. 88-21

Council President Hardwicke at the request of the County Executive

Legislative D	ay No. 88-	14 <b>Date</b> May 10, 1988
AN EMI	ERGENCY ACT	to repeal and re-enact, with amendments, Section 267-4, heading, Definitions, of Part 1, heading, Standards, of Article I, heading, General Provisions, of Chapter 267, heading, Zoning, of the Harford County Code, as amended; to provide for terms and definitions relating to critical areas in the County.
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		By the Council, May 10, 1988
Introduc	ed, read firs	st time, ordered posted and public hearing scheduled
		on: June 9, 1988
		at: 7:00 P.M.
	By Order:	Daris Poulsen, Secretary
		PUBLIC HEARING
	Having been	posted and notice of time and place of hearing and title
or Bill having	been publis	hed according to the Charter, a public hearing was held
on		June 9, 1988
and concluded	l on	June 9, 1988
		Haris Poulsen, Secretary
EXPLANATION:	[Brackets] 1 law. Under! Bill by am	ICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.  Indicate matter deleted from existing  Ining indicates language added to  endment. Language lined through matter stricken out of Bill  .
		BILL NO.

Section 1. Be It Enacted By The County Council of Harford County, Maryland, that Section 267-4, heading, Definitions, of Article I, heading, General Provisions, of Part 1, heading, Standards, of Chapter 267, heading, Zoning, of the Harford County Code, as amended, be, and it is hereby repealed and re-enacted, with amendments, all to read as follows:

Chapter 267. Zoning.

Part 1. Standards.

 Article I. General Provisions.

Section 267-4. Definitions.

For Purposes of this Part 1, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings provided below:

ACCESSORY STRUCTURE OR USE. A STRUCTURE OR USE OF LAND, OR PORTION THEREOF, CUSTOMARILY INCIDENTAL AND SUBORDINATE TO THE PRINCIPAL USE OF THE LAND OR BUILDING AND LOCATED ON THE SAME LOT OR PARCEL OF LAND WITH SUCH PRINCIPAL USE.

AFFORESTATION. THE ESTABLISHMENT OF TREE COVER IN AN AREA FROM WHICH IT HAS ALWAYS OR FOR AT LEAST TWENTY (20) YEARS BEEN ABSENT, OR THE PLANTING OF OPEN AREAS WHICH ARE NOT PRESENTLY IN FOREST COVER.

AGRICULTURE. ALL METHODS OF PRODUCTION AND MANAGEMENT OF LIVESTOCK, CROPS, VEGETATION, AND SOIL. THIS INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, THE RELATED ACTIVITIES OF TILLAGE, FERTILIZATION, PEST CONTROL, HARVESTING, AND MARKETING. IT ALSO INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, THE ACTIVITIES OF FEEDING, HOUSING, AND MAINTAINING OF ANIMALS SUCH AS CATTLE, DAIRY COWS, SHEEP, GOATS, HOGS, HORSES, AND POULTRY AND HANDLING THEIR BY-PRODUCTS.

ANADROMOUS FISH PROPAGATION WATERS. THOSE STREAMS THAT ARE TRIBUTARY TO THE CHESAPEAKE BAY WHERE SPAWNING OF ANADROMOUS SPECIES OF FISH (E.G., ROCKFISH, YELLOW PERCH, WHITE PERCH, SHAD,

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AND RIVER HERRING) OCCURS OR HAS OCCURRED. THE GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION OF SUCH STREAMS HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED BY THE TIDEWATER ADMINISTRATION, MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES.

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMP'S). CONSERVATION PRACTICES OR SYSTEMS OF PRACTICES AND MANAGEMENT MEASURES THAT CONTROL SOIL LOSS AND REDUCE WATER QUALITY DEGRADATION CAUSED BY NUTRIENTS, ANIMAL WASTE, TOXICS, AND SEDIMENT.

BUFFER. LAND AREA LEFT IN ITS NATURAL STATE OR WHICH IS VEGETATED AND MANAGED TO PROTECT SIGNIFICANT/SPECIAL NATURAL FEATURES FROM THE ADVERSE IMPACTS OF ADJACENT LAND USES OR DEVELOPMENT.

CLEARCUTTING. THE REMOVAL OF THE ENTIRE STAND OF TREES IN ONE CUTTING WITH SUBSEQUENT REFORESTATION OBTAINED BY NATURAL SEEDING FROM ADJACENT STANDS OR FROM TREES THAT WERE CUT, FROM ADVANCED REGENERATION OR STUMP SPROUTS, OR FROM PLANTING OF SEEDS OR SEEDLINGS BY MAN.

CLUSTER DEVELOPMENT. A RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT IN WHICH DWELLING UNITS ARE CONCENTRATED IN A SELECTED AREA OR SELECTED AREAS OF THE DEVELOPMENT TRACT SO AS TO PROVIDE NATURAL HABITAT, FOREST PRESERVATION OR OTHER PERMANENT OPEN SPACE USES ON THE REMAINDER.

COLONIAL NESTING WATER BIRDS. HERONS, EGRETS, TERNS, AND/OR GLOSSY IBIS, WHICH FOR PURPOSES OF NESTING, CONGREGATE (THAT IS, "COLONIZE") IN RELATIVELY FEW AREAS, AT WHICH TIME THE REGIONAL POPULATIONS OF THESE SPECIES ARE HIGHLY SUSCEPTIBLE TO LOCAL DISTURBANCES.

COMMERCIAL HARVESTING. THE CUTTING AND REMOVAL OF TREES BY COMPANIES OR PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS FOR ECONOMIC GAIN.

COMMUNITY PIERS. NON-COMMERCIAL BOAT DOCKING OR MOORING FACILITIES THAT ARE OWNED BY AND OPERATED FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE RESIDENTS OF A PLATTED RIPARIAN SUBDIVISION OR CONDOMINIUM,

APARTMENT, OR OTHER MULTIPLE-FAMILY DWELLING UNIT: THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE INDIVIDUAL PRIVATE PIERS MAINTAINED BY RIPARIAN LANDOWNERS.

CRITICAL AREA. ALL LANDS AND WATERS DESIGNATED ON THE OVERLAY MAPS TO THE OFFICIAL ZONING MAP OF HARFORD COUNTY AS INTENSELY DEVELOPED AREAS, LIMITED DEVELOPMENT AREAS, OR RESOURCE CONSERVATION AREAS, PURSUANT TO MARYLAND ANNOTATED CODE, NATURAL RESOURCES ARTICLE, SECTION 8-1807(C).

CRITICAL AREA BUFFER. A NATURALLY VEGETATED AREA OR VEGETATED AREA ESTABLISHED OR MANAGED IN ACCORDANCE WITH COMAR 14.15.09 TO PROTECT AQUATIC, WETLAND, SHORELINE, AND TERRESTRIAL ENVIRONMENTS FROM MAN-MADE DISTURBANCES.

DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES. THE CONSTRUCTION OR SUBSTANTIAL ALTERATION OF RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, INSTITUTIONAL, TRANSPORTATION, OR UTILITY FACILITIES OR STRUCTURES.

FORESTED AREA. A BIOLOGICAL COMMUNITY DOMINATED BY TREES AND OTHER WOODY PLANTS COVERING A LAND AREA OF ONE (1) ACRE OR MORE. THIS ALSO INCLUDES AREAS THAT HAVE BEEN CUT, BUT NOT CLEARED. IT ALSO INCLUDES AREAS OF ONE (1) ACRE OR MORE IN SIZE THAT HAVE BEEN DESIGNATED AS DEVELOPED WOODLANDS BECAUSE THEY PREDOMINANTLY CONTAIN TREES AND NATURAL VEGETATION BUT ALSO CONTAIN RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL, OR INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES AND USES. SUCH AREAS CAN FURTHER BE CHARACTERIZED BY THE PRESENCE OF (i) AT LEAST FOUR HUNDRED (400) SEEDLINGS PER ACRE WHICH ARE VIGOROUS, WELL DISTRIBUTED THROUGHOUT AND FREE TO GROW, OR (ii) OF AT LEAST TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT (25%) TREE CANOPY COVER.

FOREST INTERIOR DWELLING BIRDS. THE SPECIES OF BIRDS IDENTIFIED BY THE MARYLAND FOREST, PARK AND WILDLIFE SERVICE WHICH REQUIRE RELATIVELY LARGE FORESTED TRACTS IN ORDER TO BREED SUCCESSFULLY SUCH AS VARIOUS SPECIES OF FLYCATCHERS, HAWKS, OWLS, WARBLERS, VIREOS, AND WOODPECKERS.

HABITAT AREAS OF LOCAL SIGNIFICANCE. AREAS, WHOSE GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION HAS BEEN MAPPED BY THE HARFORD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING, THAT HAVE BEEN DETERMINED TO BE IMPORTANT TO THE COUNTY BECAUSE THEY CONTAIN SPECIES UNCOMMON OR OF LIMITED OCCURRENCE IN THE COUNTY OR BECAUSE THE SPECIES ARE FOUND IN UNUSUALLY HIGH CONCENTRATION OR BECAUSE THEY CONTAIN AN UNUSUAL DIVERSITY OF SPECIES.

HABITAT PROTECTION AREA. ANY EXISTING AREA OF OPEN WATER, TIDAL OR NON-TIDAL WETLAND, STREAM OR RIVER CHANNEL, STREAM OR RIVER BANK, OR UPLAND AREA OF ANY TYPE AND SIZE, INCLUDING A REASONABLE PROTECTIVE AREA, WITHIN HARFORD COUNTY'S CHESAPEAKE BAY CRITICAL AREA WHICH HAS BEEN DETERMINED TO BE OF SIGNIFICANT NATURAL VALUE BECAUSE IT CONTAINS AT LEAST ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

- (a) A BUFFER AREA ADJACENT TO TIDAL WATERS, TIDAL WETLANDS, OR TRIBUTARY STREAMS.
  - (b) NON-TIDAL WETLANDS.

- (c) HABITAT OF A SPECIES OF PLANT OR ANIMAL LISTED BY STATE OR FEDERAL AUTHORITIES AS ENDANGERED, THREATENED, OR IN NEED OF CONSERVATION, OR A DESIGNATED NATURAL HERITAGE AREA.
- (d) PLANT OR WILDLIFE HABITAT WHICH IS DETERMINED TO BE OF LOCAL SIGNIFICANCE.
  - (e) FOREST INTERIOR-DWELLING BIRD HABITAT.
  - (f) COLONIAL WATER BIRD NESTING HABITAT.
- (g) HABITAT FOR THE FEEDING, RESTING, OR GROUPING OF WINTERING AND MIGRATING WATERFOWL SPECIES.
  - (h) ANADROMOUS FISH PROPAGATION WATERS.

HIGHLY ERODIBLE SOILS. SOILS WITH A K FACTOR OF .37 AND A SLOPE GREATER THAN FIVE PERCENT (5%) OR SOILS WITH A K FACTOR OF .32, A SLOPE GREATER THAN FIVE PERCENT (5%) AND A MUWATHEL FACTOR OF 1, AS IDENTIFIED BY THE HARFORD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING AND THE HARFORD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

HYDRIC SOILS. SOILS THAT ARE WET FREQUENTLY ENOUGH TO PERIODICALLY PRODUCE ANAEROBIC CONDITIONS, THEREBY INFLUENCING THE SPECIES COMPOSITION OR GROWTH, OR BOTH, OF PLANTS ON THOSE SOILS, AS IDENTIFIED BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE.

HYDROPHYTIC VEGETATION. THOSE PLANTS CITED IN "VASCULAR PLANT SPECIES OCCURRING IN MARYLAND WETLANDS" (DAWSON AND BURKE, 1985) WHICH ARE DESCRIBED AS GROWING IN WATER OR ON A SUBSTRATE THAT IS AT LEAST PERIODICALLY DEFICIENT IN OXYGEN AS A RESULT OF EXCESSIVE WATER CONTENT (PLANTS TYPICALLY FOUND IN WATER HABITATS).

IMPERVIOUS SURFACE. ANY SURFACE COVERED BY MATERIAL WHICH PREVENTS THE INFILTRATION OF WATER.

INTENSELY DEVELOPED AREAS. THOSE AREAS WHERE RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL, INSTITUTIONAL, AND/OR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPED LAND USES PREDOMINATE, AND WHERE RELATIVELY LITTLE NATURAL HABITAT OCCURS. SUCH AREAS ARE TO BE AT LEAST TWENTY (20) ACRES IN SIZE AND HAVE AT LEAST ONE (1) OF THE FOLLOWING FEATURES:

- (a) HOUSING DENSITY EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN FOUR (4) DWELLING UNITS PER ACRE.
- (b) INDUSTRIAL, INSTITUTIONAL, OR COMMERCIAL USES ARE CONCENTRATED IN THE AREA.
- (c) PUBLIC SEWER AND WATER COLLECTION AND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS ARE CURRENTLY SERVING THE AREA AND HOUSING DENSITY IS GREATER THAN THREE (3) DWELLING UNITS PER ACRE.

LIMITED DEVELOPMENT AREAS. THOSE AREAS WHICH ARE CURRENTLY DEVELOPED IN LOW OR MODERATE INTENSITY USES. THEY ALSO CONTAIN AREAS OF NATURAL PLANT AND ANIMAL HABITATS, AND THE QUALITY OF RUNOFF FROM THESE AREAS HAS NOT BEEN SUBSTANTIALLY ALTERED OR IMPAIRED. THESE AREAS SHALL HAVE AT LEAST ONE (1) OF THE FOLLOWING FEATURES:

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- (a) HOUSING DENSITY RANGING FROM ONE (1) DWELLING UNIT PER FIVE (5) ACRES UP TO FOUR (4) DWELLING UNITS PER ACRE.
- (b) AREAS NOT DOMINATED BY AGRICULTURE, WETLAND, FOREST, BARREN LAND, SURFACE WATER, OR OPEN SPACE.
  - (c) AREAS HAVING PUBLIC SEWER OR PUBLIC WATER, OR BOTH.
- (d) AREAS MEETING THE DEFINITION OF INTENSELY DEVELOPED AREAS EXCEPT FOR BEING LESS THAN TWENTY (20) ACRES IN SIZE.

MARINA. ANY FACILITY FOR THE MOORING, BERTHING, STORING, OR SECURING OF WATERCRAFT, BUT NOT INCLUDING COMMUNITY PIERS AND OTHER NON-COMMERCIAL BOAT DOCKING AND STORAGE FACILITIES.

MEAN HIGH WATER LINE. THE AVERAGE LEVEL OF HIGH TIDES AT A 12 GIVEN LOCATION ALONG THE SHORELINE.

NATURAL HERITAGE AREA. AN AREA THAT HAS BEEN DESIGNATED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES IN ACCORDANCE WITH COMAR 08.03.08 AS A NATURAL COMMUNITY WHICH MEETS THE FOLLOWING CONDITION:

- (i) CONTAINS ONE (1) OR MORE THREATENED OR ENDANGERED SPECIES OR WILDLIFE SPECIES IN NEED OF CONSERVATION;
- (ii) IS A UNIQUE BLEND OF GEOLOGICAL, HYDROLOGICAL, CLIMATOLOGICAL, OR BIOLOGICAL FEATURES; AND
- (iii) IS CONSIDERED TO BE AMONG THE BEST STATEWIDE EXAMPLES OF ITS KIND.

NON-TIDAL WETLANDS. ALL PALUSTRINE AQUATIC BED, PALUSTRINE EMERGENT, PALUSTRINE FORESTED AND PALUSTRINE SCRUB-SHRUB WETLANDS AS DEFINED BY THE UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE, EXCEPT TIDAL WETLANDS REGULATED UNDER TITLE OF THE NATURAL RESOURCES ARTICLE, ANNOTATED CODE OF MARYLAND. THESE NON-TIDAL WETLANDS ARE LANDS WHERE THE WATER TABLE IS USUALLY AT OR NEAR THE SURFACE (I.E., PERIODICALLY SATURATED), OR AREAS WHERE THE SUBSTRATE OR SOIL IS COVERED BY SHALLOW WATER AT SOME TIME DURING THE GROWING SEASON. THEY ARE FURTHER CHARACTERIZED BY ONE OR BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING TWO ATTRIBUTES: (1) THE LAND SUPPORTS PREDOMINANTLY

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OBLIGATE OR FACULATIVE-WET HYDROPHYTE PLANT SPECIES CITED IN THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES PUBLICATION ENTITLED "VASCULAR PLANT SPECIES OCCURRING IN MARYLAND WETLANDS"; OR (2) SUBSTRATE IS PREDOMINATLY HYDRIC SOIL.

OFFSETS. STRUCTURES OR ACTIONS THAT COMPENSATE FOR UNDESIRABLE IMPACTS.

OPEN SPACE. Any area of land or water set aside, dedicated, designed or reserved for public or private use or enjoyment or for the use and enjoyment of owners and occupants of land adjoining or neighboring such "open space," OR FOR THE PRESERVATION OF SIGNIFICANT/SPECIAL NATURAL FEATURES.

OVERLAY ZONE. ANY SPECIALLY MAPPED DISTRICT, INCLUDING THE AGRICULTURAL LAND PRESERVATION DISTRICT, THE CHESAPEAKE BAY CRITICAL AREA OVERLAY DISTRICT, FLOODPLAIN DISTRICT, HISTORIC DISTRICT AND NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO SUPPLEMENTARY REGULATIONS OR REQUIREMENTS FOR DEVELOPMENT.

PALUSTRINE WETLANDS. ALL NON-TIDAL WETLANDS DOMINATED BY TREES, SHRUBS, PERSISTENT EMERGENT PLANTS, OR EMERGENT MOSSES OR LICHENS AND ALL SUCH WETLANDS THAT OCCUR IN TIDAL AREAS WHERE THE SALINITY DUE TO OCEAN-DERIVED SALTS IS BELOW ONE-HALF PART PER 1,000 PARTS OF WATER.

PRIVATE HARVESTING. THE CUTTING AND REMOVAL OF TREES FOR PERSONAL, NON-COMMERCIAL USE.

PROJECT APPROVAL. THE APPROVAL OF DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES, OTHER THAN DEVELOPMENTS UNDERTAKEN BY A STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY, IN THE CHESAPEAKE BAY CRITICAL AREA BY THE HARFORD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING OR OTHER APPROVING AGENCY OF HARFORD COUNTY. THE TERM INCLUDES APPROVAL OF SUBDIVISION PLANS, PLATS AND SITE PLANS; MAPPING OF AREAS UNDER FLOATING ZONE OR OVERLAY ZONE PROVISIONS; THE ISSUANCE OF VARIANCES, SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS, CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS, AND THE ISSUANCE OF OTHER ZONING-RELATED APPROVALS.

PUBLIC WATER-ORIENTED RECREATION. SHORE-DEPENDENT RECREATION FACILITIES OR ACTIVITIES PROVIDED BY PUBLIC AGENCIES WHICH ARE AVAILABLE TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

RECLAMATION. THE REASONABLE REHABILITATION OF DISTURBED LAND FOR USEFUL PURPOSES, WHICH PROVIDES PROTECTION TO THE NATURAL RESOURCES FOUND ON OR ADJACENT TO THE SITE, INCLUDING WATERBODIES.

REDEVELOPMENT. DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY ON LAND THAT HAS ALREADY BEEN DEVELOPED.

REFORESTATION. THE RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF FOREST COVER THROUGH THE PLANTING OF SEEDLINGS, SMALL TREES OR SHRUBS OR THROUGH NATURAL REGENERATION.

RESOURCE CONSERVATION AREAS. THOSE AREAS CHARACTERIZED BY NATURE-DOMINATED ENVIRONMENTS (THAT IS, WETLANDS, FORESTS, ABANDONED FIELDS) AND RESOURCE-UTILIZATION ACTIVITIES (THAT IS, AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES ACTIVITIES, OR AQUACULTURE). SUCH AREAS SHALL HAVE AT LEAST ONE OF THE FOLLOWING FEATURES:

- (a) DENSITY IS LESS THAN ONE DWELLING UNIT PER FIVE (5) ACRES;
- (b) DOMINANT LAND USE IS IN AGRICULTURE, WETLAND, FOREST, BARREN LAND, SURFACE WATER, OR OPEN SPACE.

SELECTIVE CUTTING. THE REMOVAL OF SINGLE, SCATTERED, MATURE TREES OR OTHER TREES FROM FORESTED AREAS BY PERIODIC CUTTING OPERATIONS.

SIGNIFICANTLY ERODING AREAS. THOSE SHORELINE AREAS ERODING TWO (2) FEET OR MORE PER YEAR.

SOILS WITH SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENT CONSTRAINTS. HIGHLY ERODIBLE SOILS, HYDRIC SOILS LESS THAN FORTY THOUSAND (40,000) SQUARE FEET IN EXTENT. SOILS WITH HYDRIC INCLUSIONS AND SOILS WITH SEVERE SEPTIC CONSTRAINTS. SEE "TABLE 1 SOIL TYPES IN HARFORD COUNTY CRITICAL AREA WITH DEVELOPMENT CONSTRAINTS," SECTION 267-41.1D.

THREATENED OR ENDANGERED SPECIES OR SPECIES IN NEED OF CONSERVATION. A PLANT OR WILDLIFE SPECIES DESIGNATED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES IN ACCORDANCE WITH COMAR 08.03.08 AS WORTHY OF PROTECTION BECAUSE OF ITS RARE OR UNUSUAL OCCURRENCE IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

Tidal Wetlands. Any land bordering on or lying beneath tidal waters, which is subject to regular or periodic tidal action and supports aquatic growth, including but not limited to lands identified as "tidal wetlands" on the [1972] MOST CURRENT Department of Natural Resources Tidal Wetlands Boundaries Maps.

TRIBUTARY STREAMS. THOSE PERENNIAL AND INTERMITTENT STREAMS AS MAPPED ON THE MOST RECENT UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY 7 1/2 MINUTE TOPOGRAPHIC QUADRANGLE MAPS (SCALE 1:24,000), THE HARFORD COUNTY SOIL SURVEY, OR AS MAY BE IDENTIFIED THROUGH SITE INSPECTION.

UTILITY TRANSMISSION FACILITIES. FIXED STRUCTURES THAT CONVEY OR DISTRIBUTE RESOURCES, WASTES, OR BOTH, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ELECTRIC LINES, WATER CONDUITS, AND SEWER LINES.

WASH PLANT. A FACILITY WHERE SAND AND GRAVEL IS WASHED DURING PROCESSING.

WILDLIFE CORRIDOR. A STRIP OF LAND HAVING VEGETATION THAT PROVIDES HABITAT AND A SAFE PASSAGEWAY FOR WILDLIFE ACROSS A SITE.

WATERFOWL STAGING AND CONCENTRATION AREA. AN AREA OF OPEN WATER AND ADJACENT MARSHES WHERE WATERFOWL GATHER DURING MIGRATION AND THROUGHOUT THE WINTER SEASON.

Section 2. And Be It Further Enacted that this act is hereby declared to be an Emergency Act, necessary for the public health safety, and welfare of the citizens of Harford County, and this act shall take effect on the date it becomes law.

EFFECTIVE: June 24, 1988

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The Secretary of the Council does hereby certify that fifteen (15) copies of the Bill are immediately available for distribution to the public and the press.



## BY THE COUNCIL

BILL NO. 88-21
Read the third time.
Passed LSD 88-19, June 14, 1988
. Failed of Passage
By Order
Daris Poulsen, Secretary
Sealed with the County Seal and presented to the County Executive
for his approval this 15th day of June , 19 8
at <u>3:00</u> o'clock <u>P</u> .M.
Daris Poulsen, Secretary
BY THE EXECUTIVE
APPROVED:
Largia Hadedm acting County Executive  Date 6/14/88

## BY THE COUNCIL

This Bill, (No. 88-21), having been approved by the Executive and returned to the Council, becomes law on June 24, 1988.

Doris Poulsen, Secretary

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 24, 1988